Talon Pointe Metropolitan District Adams County, Colorado

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

With Independent Auditor's Report

December 31, 2021

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors
Talon Pointe Metropolitan District
Adams County, Colorado

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Talon Pointe Metropolitan District (the District) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District as of December 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

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Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risk of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate to those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

Supplemental Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The supplemental information as identified in the table of contents is presented for the purposes of additional analysis and legal compliance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Fiscy Focus Partners, UC

Greenwood Village, Colorado August 19, 2022



Talon Pointe Metropolitan District STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2021

	Governmenta Activities			
Assets				
Cash and investments	\$	20,796		
Cash and investments - restricted		4,361,898		
Receivable - County Treasurer		40,541		
Property taxes receivable		506,008		
Capital assets, not being depreciated		6,251,672		
Capital assets, net		1,577,825		
Total Assets		12,758,740		
Deferred Outflow of Resources				
Loss on bond refunding		63,609		
Total Deferred Outflow of Resources		63,609		
		,		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable		17,000		
Unearned revenue		2,600		
Accrued interest payable		101,902		
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Due within one year		20,250		
Due in more than one year		25,128,275		
Total Liabilities		25,270,027		
Deferred Inflow of Resources				
Property tax revenue		506,008		
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources		506,008		
Net Position (Deficit)				
Restricted for:				
Emergencies		4,000		
Debt service		1,224,538		
Capital projects		3,060,882		
Unrestricted		(17,243,106)		
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$	(12,953,686)		

Talon Pointe Metropolitan District STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position					
Functions/Programs: Primary government	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions		Gr	Capital rants and ntributions		vernmental Activities
General government Interest on long-term debt	\$ (201,178)	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(201,178)
and related costs	(1,354,238)		_	_		274,900		(1,079,338)
Total primary government	\$ (1,555,416)	\$ -	\$		\$	274,900		(1,280,516)
		General Reve	enues:					
		Property tax	es					443,631
		Specific owr	nership taxes					33,584
		Interest inco	ome					6,230
		Total gene	eral revenues					483,445
		Change in ne	et position					(797,071)
		Net position	(deficit) - beg	inning	9			(12,156,615)
		Net position	(deficit) - end	ing			\$	(12,953,686)

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

December 31, 2021

	Debt Capital General Service Projects			Go	Total vernmental Funds				
Assets	Φ.	00.700	Φ.		Φ			Φ	00.700
Cash and investments	\$	20,796	\$	1 207 046	\$	000 0	-	\$	20,796
Cash and investments - restricted		4,000 11,117		1,297,016	3	,060,8	82		4,361,898
Receivable - County Treasurer Property taxes receivable		136,460		29,424 369,548			-		40,541 506,008
Total Assets		172,373		1,695,988	3	,060,8	82		4,929,243
Total Assets		172,070		1,000,000		,000,0	02		4,020,240
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance Liabilities									
Accounts payable		17,000		_			_		17,000
Unearned revenue		2,600		-			-		2,600
Total Liabilities		19,600		-			-		19,600
Deferred Inflows of Resources		400 400		200 540					500,000
Property tax revenue Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		136,460 136,460		369,548 369,548					506,008 506,008
Total Deletted lilliows of Resources		130,400		309,340			<u> </u>		300,000
Fund Balances Restricted for:									
Emergencies		4,000		-			-		4,000
Debt service		-		1,326,440	2	060.0	-		1,326,440
Capital expenditures Unassigned		- 12,313		-	3	,060,8	02		3,060,882 12,313
Total Fund Balances		16,313		1,326,440		,060,8	82		4,403,635
		10,515		1,020,440		,000,0	02		4,405,055
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	172,373	\$	1,695,988	\$ 3	,060,8	82		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in position are different because: Long-term assets are not available to pay for expenditures and, therefore, are not reported.	or cu	ırrent period		t					
Capital assets Long-term liabilities, including bonds payab				est. are not du	ıe				7,829,497
and payable in the current period and the									
Bonds payable Developer advance payable - operation Developer advance payable - capital Bond premium, net of accumulated amo Loss on refunding, net of accumulated a Accrued interest Developer advances - Accrued interest Developer advances - Accrued interest - bonds	s ortiza amor oper	ation tization rations	port		<i>5</i> .				(23,910,000) (60,882) (156,030) (437,733) 63,609 (13,697) (116,177) (555,908)
Net position (deficit) of governmental activities								\$	(12,953,686)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

				Debt Service		apital ojects	Total Governmenta Funds		
Revenues		<u>Jeneral</u>		OCI VICE		ojeci3		Tulius	
Property taxes	\$	121,653	\$	321,978	\$	_	\$	443,631	
Specific ownership taxes	•	9,209	·	24,375	·	_	•	33,584	
System development fees		-		40,000		-		40,000	
LOC fees		-		10,000		-		10,000	
Interest income		1,360		4,144		726		6,230	
Total revenues		132,222		400,497		726		533,445	
Expenditures									
General government									
Audit		5,500		-		-		5,500	
Insurance and bonds		4,919		-		-		4,919	
Miscellaneous		12		-		-		12	
Treasurer's fees		1,845		4,884		-		6,729	
Transfer to Talon Pointe Coordinating District		119,643		-		-		119,643	
Trustee fee		7,000		-		-		7,000	
Debt service Bond interest - Series 2019				1 110 020				4 440 020	
LOC fee payment		-		1,119,038 10,000		-		1,119,038 10,000	
Total expenditures		138,919		1,133,922				1,272,841	
·		130,919		1,133,922		-		1,272,041	
Excess of revenue over (under)									
expenditures		(6,697)		(733,425)	1	726		(739,396)	
Other financing sources (uses)									
Developer contribution		-		224,900		-		224,900	
Transfers in/(out)				(346,064)		346,064		-	
Total other financing sources (uses)				(121,164)	3	346,064		224,900	
Net change in fund balances		(6,697)		(854,589)	3	346,790		(514,496)	
Fund balances - beginning		23,010		2,181,029	2,7	714,092		4,918,131	
Fund balances - ending	\$	16,313	\$	1,326,440	\$ 3,0	060,882	\$	4,403,635	

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (514,496)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, capital outlay is not reported as an expenditure. However, the statement of activities will report as depreciation expense the allocation of the cost of any deprecial assets over the estimated useful life of the asset. Depreciation	(57,375)
Some revenues and expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Accrued bond interest payable - change in liability	(225,851)
Accrued interest payable developer advances - change in liability	(15,680)
Amortization of loss on refunding	(3,919)
Amortization of bond premium	 20,250
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (797,071)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Variance with

	Original Budgeted Amounts			Final udgeted mounts Actual			Fin	al Budget - Positive Negative)												
REVENUES				_																
Property taxes	\$	121,724	\$	121,724	\$	121,653	\$	(71)												
Specific ownership taxes		8,521		8,521		9,209		688												
Interest income		_				1,360		1,360												
Total revenues		130,245		130,245		132,222		1,977												
EXPENDITURES																				
General government																				
Audit		5,800		5,800		5,500		300												
Insurance and bonds	3,119			5,000		4,919		81												
Miscellaneous	-			-		12		(12)												
Treasurer fees		1,826		1,826		1,845		(19)												
Transfer to Talon Pointe Coordinating District		128,992		128,992		119,643		9,349												
Trustee fees		-		-		7,000		(7,000)												
Contingency		1,000		5,000				5,000												
Total expenditures		140,737		146,618		138,919		7,699												
Excess of revenues over (under)																				
expenditures		(10,492)		(16,373)	(6,69)			9,676												
Fund balance - beginning	15,492		15,492		15,492		15,492		15,492		15,492		15,492			23,010		23,010		-
Fund balance - ending	\$	5,000	\$ 6,637		\$ 6,637 \$		\$ 16,313		\$ 9,67											

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021

Note 1 – Reporting Entity

The District, a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the State of Colorado, was organized on January 9, 2007, and is governed pursuant to the provisions of the Colorado Special District Act (Title 32, Article 1, Colorado Revised Statutes). The District's service area is located in the City of Thornton, Adams County, Colorado. The District was established to provide for the planning, design, acquisition, construction, installation, relocation and redevelopment of public improvements.

On November 1, 2018, the District and Talon Pointe Coordinating Metropolitan District (TPCMD) entered into a District Coordinating Services Agreement. The agreement sets forth the services that TPCMD will perform on behalf of the District. (See Note 8).

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

The District has no employees and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

Note 2 – <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the sum of assets and deferred outflows of resources and the sum of liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the District is reported as net position.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

December 31, 2021

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes and specific ownership taxes. All other revenue items are considered to be measureable and available only when cash is received by the District. The District determined that Developer advances are not considered as revenue susceptible to accrual. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation is due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The general fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except for those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The debt service fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

The capital projects fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the purchase, construction, operation, and maintenance of capital equipment and facilities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and generally sales of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November and December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflows of resources in the year they are levied and measureable. The deferred property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

Operations Fee

On November 11, 2021, the District adopted a resolution Concerning the Imposition of an Operations Fee to fund the operations costs of the District. The fee is effective January 1, 2022, and is imposed on each residential unit at \$200 per quarter. The Operations Fee is to be accounted for separately from other revenues of the District, and is to be used solely for the purpose of paying Operations Costs.

Budgets

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and lapses at year end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation by fund without notification. The total appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting.

The District amended its annual budget for the year ended December 31, 2021.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental activities column of the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as those assets with a cost of \$5,000 or greater. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021

historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

Capital assets which are anticipated to be conveyed to other governmental entities are recorded as construction in progress, and are not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements for which the District retains title are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets is not included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Depreciation expense has been computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated economic useful lives:

Parks and Recreation

30 Years

Bond Issuance Costs and Original Issue Discount/Premium

In the government-wide financial statements, bond discounts/premiums are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bond issuance costs are expensed as incurred.

In the fund financial statements, bond discounts/premiums and issuance costs are recognized during the current period. The face amount of debt issued and premiums on issuance are reported as other financing sources. Discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Loss on Bond Refunding

In the government-wide financial statements, the deferred loss on bond refunding is amortized over the life of the defeased bonds using the effective interest method. The amortization amount is a component of interest expense and the unamortized deferred cost is reflected as a deferred outflow of resources.

Deferred Inflow/Outflow of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the loss

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021

on refunding is deferred and recognized as an outflow of resources in the period that the amounts are incurred.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, deferred property tax revenue is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

Equity

Net Position

For government-wide presentation purposes when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted as they are needed.

Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Non-spendable fund balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as inventory) or is legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted fund balance – The portion of fund balance constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as grantors or bondholders), constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance – The portion of fund balance constrained for specific purposes according to limitations imposed by the District's highest level of decision making authority, the Board of Directors prior to the end of the current fiscal year. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

Assigned fund balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the Board of Directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

December 31, 2021

Unassigned fund balance – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the above criteria.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's policy to use the most restrictive classification first.

Note 3 - Cash and Investments

Cash and investments are reflected on the December 31, 2021 Statement of net position as follows:

Cash and investments	\$ 20,796
Cash and investments - restricted	4,361,898
Total cash and investments	\$ 4,382,694

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2021 consist of the following:

Deposits with financial institutions	\$	26,839
Investments	4,	355,855
Total cash and investments	\$ 4,	382,694

Deposits with Financial Institutions

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. As of December 31, 2021, the federal insurance limit was \$250,000. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2021, the District's cash deposits had a bank balance of \$26,839 and a carrying balance of \$26,839.

Investments

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy, but follows state statutes regarding investments. Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the District.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

December 31, 2021

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- Obligations of the United States and certain U.S. government agency securities
- Certain international agency securities
- · General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- · Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- Commercial paper
- Written repurchase agreements and certain reverse repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certain money market funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts
- Local government investment pools

Fair Value Measurement and Application

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

As of December 31, 2021, the District had the following investments:

Investment	<u>Maturity</u>	 Amount
Morgan Stanley Institutional Liquidity		
Funds Government Portfolio (MSILF # 8352)	Less than 1 year	\$ 4,355,855
Total Investments		\$ 4,355,855

Morgan Stanley Institutional Liquidity Funds Government Portfolio (MSILF)

The debt service and capital project money that is included in the trust accounts at United Missouri Bank is invested in the Morgan Stanley Institutional Liquidity Funds Government Portfolio (MSILF). The fund is a money market fund managed by Morgan Stanley and each share value is \$1.00. This portfolio invests in U.S. Treasury debt, repurchase agreements and U.S. Government Agency Debt. The District records its investment in the fund at net asset value. The portfolio is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's. The District has \$4,355,855 invested in this portfolio at December 31, 2021.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

December 31, 2021

Note 4 - Capital Assets

An analysis of the changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2021 follows:

	В	salance at					Е	Balance at
	De	cember 31,	De	cember 31,				
		2020	A	dditions	Deletions			2021
Capital assets, not being depreciated				_				
Construction in progress	\$	6,251,672	\$		\$	_	\$	6,251,672
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		6,251,672		-		-		6,251,672
Capital assets, being depreciated								
Parks and recreation		1,721,262		-		-		1,721,262
Total capital assets, being depreciated		1,721,262				-		1,721,262
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Parks and recreation		86,062		57,375		_		143,437
Total accumulated depreciation		86,062		57,375		-		143,437
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		1,635,200		(57,375)				1,577,825
Capital assets, net	\$	7,886,872	\$	(57,375)	\$	_	\$	7,829,497

Depreciation expense of \$57,375 was charged to general government activities for the year ended December 31, 2021.

Note 5 - Long-Term Obligations

The District's outstanding long-term obligations at December 31, 2021, are as follows:

		Balance at						Balance at		Due
	D	ecember 31,						ecember 31,	Within	
		2020	Additions			Deletions	2021		(One Year
Bonds Payable:										
2019A General Obligation Bonds	\$	21,315,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	21,315,000	\$	-
2019B Subordinate General Obligation Bonds		2,595,000		-		-		2,595,000		-
Accrued Interest - 2019B Subordinate Bonds		228,153		225,852		-		454,005		
Other Debt:										
Developer advances - operations		60,882		-		-		60,882		-
Developer advances - capital		156,030		-		-		156,030		-
Accrued interest - operations		10,501		3,197		-		13,698		-
Accrued interest - capital		103,695		12,482				116,177		<u>-</u>
Subtotal		24,469,261		241,531		-		24,710,792		-
Premium on 2019A Bonds		457,983				20,250		437,733		20,250
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$	24,927,244	\$	241,531	\$	20,250	\$	25,148,525	\$	20,250

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

December 31, 2021

The detail of the District's long-term obligations is as follows:

General Obligation Refunding and Improvement (Limited Tax Convertible to Unlimited Tax) Bonds, Series 2019A (Series 2019A Bonds) and Subordinated Limited Tax General Obligation Refunding and Improvement Bonds, Series 2019B (Series 2019B Bonds, and together with the 2019A Senior Bonds, the 2019 Bonds)

Bond Details

On November 12, 2019, the District issued General Obligation Refunding and Improvement (Limited Tax Convertible to Unlimited Tax) Bonds – Series 2019A Bonds with a par amount of \$21,315,000 and with an original issuance premium on the 2019A Bonds of \$479,301, a total bond proceeds amount of \$21,794,301. The 2019A Bonds were issued for the purposes of: (i) paying or reimbursing Project Costs; (ii) refunding a portion of the District's outstanding 2008 Bonds; (iii) funding a portion of the interest to accrue on the Series 2019A Senior Bonds; (iv) funding the Senior Reserve Fund; (v) paying the costs of issuance on the Series 2019B Subordinate Bonds; (vi) paying costs incurred in connection with the issuance of the Series 2019A Senior Bonds.

Interest on the 2019A Bonds is payable semiannually on June 1 and December 1 each year, commencing on December 1, 2019 at the rate of 5.25% per annum. To the extent principal of any Bond is not paid when due, such principal shall remain outstanding until paid and shall continue to bear interest at the rate then borne by the Bond. To the extent interest on any Bond is not paid when due, such interest shall compound on each interest payment date, at the rate then borne by the Bond. The District shall not be obligated to pay more than the amount permitted by law and its electoral authorization in repayment of the Bonds, including all payments of principal, premium if any, and interest, and all Bonds will be deemed defeased and no longer outstanding upon the payment by the District of such amount.

On November 12, 2019, the District issued Subordinate Limited Tax General Obligation Refunding and Improvement Bonds – Series 2019B with a par amount of \$2,595,000. The 2019B Bonds were issued for the purposes of: (i) paying or reimbursing Project Costs; (ii) refunding a portion of the District's outstanding 2008 Bonds.

Interest on the 2019B Bonds is payable on December 15 each year to the extent of Subordinate Pledged Revenue available, commencing on December 15, 2019 at the rate of 8% per annum. The Bonds are structured as "cash flow" bonds meaning that there are no scheduled payments of principal thereof prior to the final maturity. To the extent principal of any Bond is not paid when due, such principal shall remain outstanding until the Bond Termination Date and shall continue to bear interest at the rate then borne by the Bond. To the extent interest on the Bond is not paid when due, such interest shall compound on each interest payment date, at the rate then borne by the Bond. The District is not obligated to pay more than the amount permitted by law and its electoral authorization in repayment of the 2019B Bonds including all payments of principal, premium if any, and interest. All 2019B Bonds will be deemed defeased and no longer outstanding upon the payment of the District of such amount. All of the 2019B Bonds and interest thereon will be deemed paid, satisfied, and discharged on December 16, 2053

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021

("the Bond Termination Date") regardless of the amount of principal and interest paid prior to the Bond Termination Date.

Optional Redemption

The 2019A Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the District on December 1, 2025, and on any date thereafter, upon payment of the principal amount so redeemed plus accrued interest thereon to the date of redemption, together with (if applicable) a redemption premium of a percentage of the principal amount so redeemed as follows:

	Redemption
Date of Redemption	Premium
December 1, 2025 to November 30, 2026	3.00%
December 1, 2026 to November 30, 2027	2.00%
December 1, 2027 to November 30, 2028	1.00%
December 1, 2028 and thereafter	0.00%

The 2019B Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the District on December 15, 2025, and on any date thereafter, upon payment of par, accrued interest, and a redemption premium of a percentage of the principal amount so redeemed as follows:

	Redemption
Date of Redemption	Premium
December 15, 2025 to November 30, 2026	3.00%
December 15, 2026 to November 30, 2027	2.00%
December 15, 2027 to November 30, 2028	1.00%
December 15, 2028 and thereafter	0.00%

Security

The 2019A Bonds are secured by and payable from the moneys derived by the District from the following sources, net of any costs of collection: (i) the Senior Required Mill Levy; (ii) the portion of the Specific Ownership Tax which is collected as a result of imposition of the Senior Required Mill Levy; (iii) Development Fees; and (iv) any other legally available moneys which the District determines in its absolute discretion, to transfer to the Trustee for application as Senior Pledged Revenue.

The 2019A Bonds are also secured by amounts on deposit in the Senior Reserve Fund in an amount equal to \$1,644,325 (Senior Reserve requirement), and amounts, if any, accumulated in the Senior Surplus Fund up to the Maximum Surplus Amount of \$1,500,000. At December 31, 2021, the balance in the Senior Reserve Fund was \$1,254,969, and the balance in the Senior Surplus Fund was \$0. The District did not have sufficient pledged revenue in the 2019A Senior Bond fund to pay when due the December 1, 2021 interest payment on the Series 2019A Bonds. As a result, a draw in the amount of \$395,150 from the Senior Reserve Fund was required to pay the December 1, 2021 interest payment.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

December 31, 2021

The 2019B Bonds are secured by and payable from the moneys derived by the District from the following sources, net of any costs of collection: (i) the Subordinate Required Mill Levy; (ii) the portion of the Specific Ownership Tax which is collected as a result of the imposition of the Subordinate Required Mill Levy; (iii) the amounts, if any, from the Development Fees remaining after payment of the Series 2019A Senior Bonds; (iv) the amounts, if any, in the Senior Surplus Fund after the termination of such fund pursuant to the Senior Indenture; and (v) any other legally available moneys which the District determines, in its absolute discretion, to transfer to the Trustee for application as Subordinate Pledged Revenue.

Required Mill Levy

Pursuant to the Senior Indenture, the District has covenanted to impose a Senior Required Mill Levy in an amount sufficient to fund the Senior Bond Fund for the relevant Bond Year and pay the Bonds as they come due, and if necessary, an amount sufficient to replenish the Reserve fund to the amount of the Required Reserve, but (i) not in excess of 50.000 mills, and (ii) for so long as the Surplus Fund is required to be maintained hereunder and the amount on deposit therein is less than the Maximum Surplus Amount, not less than 50.000 mills, or such lesser mill levy which will fund the Senior Bond Fund for the relevant Bond Year and pay the Bonds as they come due, will replenish the Reserve Fund to the amount of the Reserve Requirement and, for so long as the Surplus Fund to the Maximum Surplus Amount; provided however, that if, after January 1, 2004, there were or are changes in the method of calculating assessed valuation or any constitutionally mandated tax credit, cur or abatement; the minimum and maximum mill levies shall be increased or decreased to offset such changes. The District has determined that as a result of changes in the method of calculating assessed valuation occurring after January 1, 2004, the 50.000 mills has been adjusted upwards to 52.934 for collection year 2021.

Pursuant to the Subordinate Indenture, the District has covenanted to impose a Subordinate Required Mill Levy in the amount of 50.000 mills less the amount of the Senior Bond Mill Levy, or such lesser mill levy which will bund the Subordinate Bond Fund in an amount sufficient to pay all of the principal of and interest on the Bonds in full; provided however that if, after January 1, 2004, there were or are changes in the method of calculating assessed valuation or any constitutionally mandated tax credit, cur or abatement, the maximum mill levy provided shall be increased or decreased to offset such changes. It is the intent that if the Senior Mill Levy equals or exceeds 50.000 mills in any year, adjusted for changes in the actual valuation to assessed valuation, the Subordinate Mill Levy for that year shall be zero.

Project Funds

Proceeds of \$4,916,005 and \$105,000 from the sale of the 2019A Bonds were deposited to a Senior Project Fund and a Senior Restricted Project Fund respectively. Proceeds of \$2,595,000 from the sale of the 2019B Bonds were deposited into a Subordinate Restricted Project Fund. In 2020, the District amended the parameters of the draw provisions on the Subordinate Project fund with the Trustee, evidenced by the First and Second Amendments to the indenture of Trust on the 2019B Subordinate Bonds. During 2021, the District further

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021

amended the parameters of the draw provisions on the Subordinate Project fund with the Trustee, evidenced by the Third, Fourth and Fifth Amendments to the Indenture of Trust. The Developer contributed \$224,900 during 2021 to the interest associated with the Second, Third, Fourth and Fifth Amendments. Subsequent to year end, the Developer contributed \$155,700 to cover accrued interest associated with the Sixth, Seventh and Eighth Amendments. The Project Funds are held by the Trustee and funds are only released to the District after a "Requisition" is submitted for reimbursement of approved project costs in accordance with the Senior Indenture and the Subordinate Indenture, as applicable. Pursuant to the Seventh Amendment to the 2019B Indenture of Trust, upon release of the proceeds from the Subordinate Project Fund, any remaining amounts representing deposits made by the Developer in association with amendments to the Indenture shall be returned to the Developer by the Trustee and the Subordinate Project Fund shall be terminated.

The District's long-term obligations will mature as follows:

Year Ended			
December 31,	 Principal	 Interest	 Total
2022	\$ -	\$ 1,119,038	\$ 1,119,038
2023	90,000	1,119,038	1,209,038
2024	205,000	1,114,313	1,319,313
2025	120,000	1,103,550	1,223,550
2026	235,000	1,097,250	1,332,250
2027-2031	1,525,000	5,279,664	6,804,664
2032-2036	2,405,000	4,791,937	7,196,937
2037-2041	3,490,000	4,052,736	7,542,736
2042-2046	4,935,000	2,993,024	7,928,024
2047-2051	 8,310,000	 1,519,612	 9,829,612
	\$ 21,315,000	\$ 24,190,162	\$ 45,505,162

The annual debt service requirements on the 2019B Bonds are not currently determinable since they are payable only from available Subordinate Pledged Revenue.

Non-revolving Line of Credit Note (Junior) Series 2020

On August 13, 2020, the District authorized the issuance of its Non-revolving Line of Credit Note (Junior), Series 2020, in an amount not to exceed \$2,090,000 (Note) to reimburse ELG Development, LLC (Lender) for advances under the Infrastructure Acquisition and Reimbursement Agreement dated October 13, 2010 between the District and the Lender related to the funding of costs of certain improvements to be located within the boundaries of and/or benefitting property owned by the Lender and/or has or will construct the Improvements for subsequent acquisition by the District, and the District has agreed to reimburse the Lender. As of December 31, 2021, no amounts have been advanced to the District under the Note.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

December 31, 2021

The Note will accrue interest at a rate of 8% per annum. Principal and interest shall be payable annually on December 16 of each year after all payments due and owing on the Senior Obligations, including the Series 2019B Subordinate Bonds, in that year have been fully paid, commencing on December 16, 2021 and shall mature on December 16, 2046. To the extent principal on the Note is not paid when due, such principal shall remain outstanding until paid. To the extent interest on the Note is not paid when due, such interest shall compound annually, on each December 16, at the rate then borne by the Note. The District shall not be obligated to pay more than the amount permitted by law and its electoral authorization in repayment of the note, including all payments of principal, premium if any, and interest, and the Note will be deemed defeased and no longer outstanding upon the payment by the District of such amount. The Note shall be deemed paid, satisfied, and discharged on December 16, 2053 (the Note Termination Date), regardless of the amount of principal and interest paid prior to the Note Termination Date.

The Note is subject to redemption, at the option of the District, in whole or in part, on any date, upon payment of par and accrued interest, without redemption premium. The Note is subject to mandatory redemption in part by lot on December 16 of each year (Mandatory Redemption Date) to the extent of moneys on deposit, if any, in the Mandatory Redemption Account on December 16 of each year, at a redemption price equal to the principal amount (with no redemption premium), plus accrued interest to the redemption date.

The Note is a limited tax obligation of the District secured by a Required Mill Levy, including the portion of the specific ownership tax that is collected as a result of the imposition of the Required Mill Levy, and any other legally available revenues which the District determines to credit to payment of the Note.

The District's Note contains a provision regarding certain events of default, for which acceleration is not a remedy. Events of default occur if the District fails to collect the Pledged Revenue or apply the Pledged Revenue as required by the Resolution authorizing the issuance of the Note, to impose the Required Mill Levy as provided in the Resolution to the extent any such mill levy is available pursuant to the Senior Bond documents, and other customary terms and conditions consistent with normal municipal financings.

Debt Authorization

On November 7, 2006 and November 6, 2007, the District's electorate authorized total indebtedness of \$163,400,000 for the purpose of providing certain improvements and facilities. The District's Service Plan limits the amount of bonds that the District has the authority to issue to \$26,000,000. After the issuance of the 2019 Bonds and the Series 2020 Non-revolving Line of Credit Note, the District's remaining debt authorization under its Service Plan is \$0.

Note 6 - Net Position

The District reports net position consisting of two components – restricted, and unrestricted.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

December 31, 2021

Restricted assets include net positions that are restricted for use either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. At December 31, 2021 the District's has net position restricted for debt service and capital projects of \$1,224,538 and \$3,060,882, respectively. The District has \$4,000 restricted for emergency reserves (Note 11).

The District has an unrestricted deficit of \$17,243,106 as of December 31, 2021. This deficit amount is the result of the District being responsible for the repayment of bonds issued for public improvements which have been or will be conveyed to other governmental entities.

Note 7 – Related Parties

All of the Board of Directors of the District are employees, owners or otherwise associated with the Developer and/or its affiliates and may have conflicts of interest with respect to certain transactions which come before the Board.

Note 8 – Agreements

Intergovernmental Agreement - City of Thornton

On September 12, 2006, as amended April 12, 2007, April 24, 2007, August 10, 2007, and September 10, 2013 the District entered into an agreement with the City of Thornton, pursuant to the Service Plan, whereby the District will finance and construct public improvements which are necessary to provide municipal services within the District's boundaries as set forth in the Service Plan. Upon completion of the improvements, the District is planning to convey the improvements to other governmental entities. Upon acceptance, the government or agency is responsible for ownership, operation, maintenance, and repair of such improvements. Debt service on the cost of the improvements will be funded in part through a mill levy on taxable property.

District Coordinating Services Agreement

On November 1, 2018, the District entered into the District Coordinating Services Agreement with TPCMD. TPCMD will be the coordinating district and Talon Pointe will be the financing district. The agreement sets forth the services TPCMD will perform on behalf of the District related to administrative services and ownership, operation and maintenance of public improvements. The agreement is subject to annual appropriation and does not constitute a multiple fiscal year obligation.

Funding and Reimbursement Agreement

In 2010 the District entered into the Funding and Reimbursement Agreement with ELG Development, LLC (ELG), whereby the District agreed to reimburse the ELG for District operating costs incurred, including interest at prime plus 2%. In July of 2019, the District entered into the First Amendment to Funding and Reimbursement Agreement to be effective as

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021

of January 1, 2018. The amended agreement extends the funding agreement to December 31, 2020, and increases the maximum funding amount from \$200,000 to \$400,000.

Infrastructure Acquisition and Reimbursement Agreement

In 2010 the District entered into the Infrastructure Acquisition and Reimbursement Agreement with ELG Development, LLC (ELG), whereby the District agrees to reimburse ELG for "District Eligible Costs" (Costs) for public infrastructure improvements constructed on behalf of the District. Reimbursement is subject to the receipt by the District of a Cost Certification and an Engineer's Certification that verifies that all improvements are fit for their intended purpose and were constructed in accordance with their design. The District will issue an acceptance letter to ELG, and will issue a Bill of Sale to the District. Amounts owing to ELG under this agreement bear interest at 8% from the date of acceptance to the date of reimbursement.

Infrastructure Acquisition and Reimbursement Agreement

On September 10, 2020 the District entered into the Infrastructure and Reimbursement Agreement with ELG Investors, LLC (ELGI) whereby the District agrees to reimburse ELGI for "District Eligible Costs" incurred for the construction of Public Infrastructure on behalf of the District. Reimbursement is subject to the receipt by the District of a Cost Certification and Engineer's Certification that verifies all improvements are fit for their intended purpose and were constructed substantially in accordance with their design. The District will evidence its acceptance of the Public Infrastructure by issuing an Acceptance Letter. Amounts owing to ELGI under this agreement shall bear simple interest at the rate of 8% from the date of acceptance by the District to the date of payment of such amount in full.

Note 9 – Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special District Property and Liability Pool (the Pool) as of December 31, 2021. The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery, and workers compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property and public officials' liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

December 31, 2021

Note 10 - Interfund Transfers

The District transferred funds from the debt service fund to the capital project fund in the amount of \$346,064. The purpose of the transfer was to fund the subordinate project fund with the payments received for amendments to the Indenture of Trust related to the 2019B Bonds.

Note 11 - Tax, Spending and Debt Limitations

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits, will require judicial interpretation.



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				(itoguitto)
Property taxes	\$ 322,167	\$ 322,167	\$ 321,978	\$ (189)
Specific ownership taxes	22,552	22,552	24,375	1,823
Development fees	624,000	624,000	40,000	(584,000)
LOC fees	156,000	156,000	10,000	(146,000)
Interest and other income	5,000	5,000	4,144	(856)
Total revenues	1,129,719	1,129,719	400,497	(729,222)
EXPENDITURES				
Bond interest - Series 2019	1,119,038	1,119,038	1,119,038	-
LOC fee payment	156,000	156,000	10,000	146,000
Trustee fees	-	7,500	-	7,500
Treasurer fees	4,833	4,832	4,884	(52)
Contingency	25,000	25,000		25,000
Total expenditures	1,304,871	1,312,370	1,133,922	178,448
Excess of revenues (under)	(175,152)	(182,651)	(733,425)	(550,774)
expenditures				
Other financing sources (uses)				
Developer contribution	-	224,900	224,900	-
Transfers in/(out)	-	(346,100)	(346,064)	36
Total other financing sources (uses)		(121,200)	(121,164)	36
Net change in fund balance	(175,152)	(303,851)	(854,589)	(550,738)
Fund balance - beginning	2,255,266	2,181,029	2,181,029	
Fund balance - ending	\$ 2,080,114	\$ 1,877,178	\$ 1,326,440	\$ (550,738)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

REVENUES	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Interest income	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000	\$ 726	\$ (9,274)
Total revenues	10,000	10,000	726	(9,274)
EXPENDITURES Transfer to Talon Pointe Coordinating District Total expenditures	2,718,778 2,718,778	2,718,778 2,718,778		2,718,778 2,718,778
Excess of revenues (under) expenditures	(2,708,778)	(2,708,778)	726	2,709,504
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in/(out) Total other financing sources (uses)		346,100 346,100	346,064 346,064	(36)
Net change in fund balance	(2,708,778)	(2,362,678)	346,790	2,709,468
Fund balance - beginning	2,708,778	2,708,778	2,714,092	5,314
Fund balance - ending	\$ -	\$ 346,100	\$ 3,060,882	\$ 2,714,782